

# Inflaton Fluctuations

- Single field **inflaton fluctuations** obey the linearized Klein-Gordon equation for  $u = a\delta\phi$

$$\ddot{u} + \left[ k^2 - \frac{\ddot{z}}{z} \right] u = 0$$

where

$$z(\eta) = \dot{\phi}/H$$

- **Oscillatory response** to rapid slow down or speed up of roll  $\dot{\phi}$  due to **features** in the **potential**
- Single function  $z(\eta)$  controls **curvature fluctuations** but
  - direct PC or other functional constraints **cumbersome**
  - link to  $V(\phi)$  obscured

# Generalized Slow Roll

- **Green function approach** allowing slow roll parameters to be strongly **time varying** (Stewart 2002)
- Generalized for **large features** by promoting second order to **non-linear** in controlled fashion (Dvorkin & Hu 2009)
- Functional constraints on the **source function** of deviations from scale invariance

$$G'(\ln \eta) = \frac{2}{3} \left[ \frac{f''}{f} - 3 \frac{f'}{f} - \left( \frac{f'}{f} \right)^2 \right], \quad f = 2\pi\eta z(\eta)$$

- As long as large features are crossed on order an e-fold or less

$$G' \approx 3 \left( \frac{V'}{V} \right)^2 - 2 \frac{V''}{V}$$

same combination that enters into **tilt**  $n_s$  in slow roll